1. Fredrick McGhee confidently chose his own path religiously and politically. What were his choices, and why were they unusual for the time?

2. In the early Civil Rights movement, Booker T. Washington was considered more conservative, and W.E.B. DuBois was considered more radical. Who did McGhee end up working with more closely? Why?

3. What was the purpose of the Niagara Movement? How was Fredrick McGhee involved in that group?

4. What group did the Niagara Movement later become? Why is that group so significant in civil rights history?

Think About: A year before his death, Fredrick McGhee said that he hoped after he died, people would say, “He lived, tried to be right, tried to help the race, and trying to be right and trying to help the race he died.” Would you want people to say this of you after you die? What comparable phrase would you want them to say?